2

bupivicaine.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1		1.	A method of treating pain comprising administering a vanilloid
2	receptor 1 agonist to the intravertebral space in an amount sufficient to ablate neurons.		
1		2.	The method of claim 1 wherein the vanilloid receptor 1 agonist is
2	administered	to a pa	tient suffering from discogenic pain.
1		3.	The method of claim 1 wherein the vanilloid receptor 1 agonist is
2	selected from the group consisting of a resiniferatoxin or a capsaicin.		
1		4.	The method of claim 3 wherein the vanilloid receptor agonist is a
2	capsaicin.		
1		5.	The method of claim 1 wherein the amount is from 50 nanograms
2	to 50 micrograms.		
1		6.	The method of claim 1 wherein the amount is from about 500
2	nanograms to about 50 micrograms.		
1		7.	The method of claim 1 wherein intravertebral administration
2	comprises direct injection into the space between vertebrae.		
1		8.	The method of claim 1 further comprising administering a local
2	anesthetic.		
1		9.	The method of claim 8 wherein the local anesthetic is lidocaine,
2	bupivicaine, tetracaine, or ropivicaine.		
1		10.	A kit for treating back pain comprising a compartment containing a
2	vanilloid receptor agonist in an amount sufficient to relieve pain and instructional		
3	materials describing how to use the kit.		
1		11.	The kit of claim 10 wherein the vanilloid receptor agonist is a
2	capsaicin.		. 0
1		12.	The kit of claim 10 further comprising a local anesthetic.
1		13.	The kit of claim 12 wherein the local anesthetic is lidocaine or